

# 2024 Marine Economy Report TEXAS



The marine economy is defined as those businesses whose existence depends on the oceans or Great Lakes. The economic data found here helps leaders better understand trends and consider the needs of these businesses when making decisions about the future of the coast. Six sectors make up the marine economy: marine construction, offshore mineral resources, tourism and recreation, living resources, ship and boat building, and marine transportation.

## THE BIG PICTURE - TEXAS' MARINE ECONOMY IN 2021

**6,181**  
BUSINESSES

**162,693**  
EMPLOYEES

**\$15.5 BILLION**  
WAGES

**\$96.6 BILLION**  
GDP

### THE DETAILS

#### LARGEST EMPLOYMENT SECTOR

Offshore Mineral Resources employs **36%** of the state's marine economy.

#### LARGEST GDP SECTOR

Offshore Mineral Resources produces **91%** of the total gross domestic product (GDP) derived from the state's marine economy.

#### HIGH EARNERS

The average wage of marine economy employees in Texas is **\$95,148**, which is higher than the state average (**\$65,970**). Offshore Mineral Resources has the highest average wage per employee at **\$184,358**.

#### NATIONAL RANKING

Texas is ranked **5** out of **30** coastal states for marine employment and **1** out of **30** coastal states for GDP.

#### TOP COUNTY: EMPLOYMENT

Harris County is home to **56%** of marine jobs in Texas.

#### TOP COUNTY: GDP

Harris County produces **89%** of the marine economy's gross domestic product in Texas.

### A DECADE OF CHANGE (2011-2021)

**8%**

#### BUSINESSES

Texas had an increase of **459** marine businesses, which was an **8%** increase over the decade.

**-11%**

#### EMPLOYEES

Texas had a decrease of **19,176** marine jobs, an **11%** decrease over the decade.

**-9%**

#### AVERAGE WAGES

On average, an employee working in Texas' marine economy made **\$95,148** in **2021**, compared to an average wage of **\$104,191** in **2011**. The marine economy average wage in Texas decreased by **9%**.

**55%**

#### GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

The value of Texas' marine economy increased by **55%** over the decade. Changes in GDP can be driven by volatility of the price of resources.

	Establishments %	Employment %	Wages %	GDP %
Living resources	7	2	1	1
Marine construction	3	5	4	1
Marine transportation	15	25	17	4
Offshore mineral resources	33	36	70	91
Ship and boat building	2	3	2	1
Tourism and recreation	40	29	7	2

*This report is based on 2021 Economics: National Ocean Watch (ENOW) data, produced by NOAA's Office for Coastal Management in 2024. The employment and gross domestic product statistics are derived from the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages data (accessed in September 2023) and the Bureau of Economic Analysis' gross domestic product by state data (released in July 2021). For more information, visit [coast.noaa.gov/digitalcoast/data/enow.html](https://coast.noaa.gov/digitalcoast/data/enow.html).*

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